PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT APPROVES THE BILL PASSED BY CONGRESS.

Washington, March 8.-The President has signed the Philippine Tariff bill,

The chief provisions of the new Philippine Tariff law are that articles imported into the Philippine Archipelago from the United States shall be required to pay the duties levied against them by the Philippine Commission and paid on like articles imported into the archipelago from foreign countries, and that articles imported into the United States from the Philippines shall pay a duty of 75 per cent of the rates fixed by the Dingley law, less any export taxes paid on the articles sent from the Philippine Archipelago as required by the Philippine Commission. All articles now imported free into the United States shall be hereafter exempt from export duties imposed in the Philippines. The commerce passing between the United States and the Philippines is exempted from the operation of the navigation laws of the United States until July 1, 1904. The duties and taxes collected in pursuance of this act shall be paid into the treasury of the Philippine Islands and used for their benefit. All articles manufactured in bonded manufacturing ware-houses of imported materials, or of materials subject to internal revenue tax, when shipped from the United States to the Philippines shall exempt from the internal revenue tax, and taxes paid on such articles shipped to the hippine Islands since November 15, 1901, shall be refunded.

SPARRING WITH GENERAL HUGHES. SENATOR PATTERSON GETS FURTHER IN-FORMATION ABOUT THE FILIPINO ATTACK ON MANILA.

Washington, March 8.-Senator Patterson con dnued his questioning of General Hughes at the meeting of the Senate Committee on the Philip pines to-day, taking up the beginning of hostilities in February, 1809. General Hughes repeated his statement that the first shot had been fired by an American. Senator Patterson asked what he meant when he said, on hearing the firing first, "The thing is on." There was some sparring between the two as on previous occasions, the Senator in sisting on a direct answer and the witness on replying in his own way. "I intend," said the general, "to answer in the best way I can to cover the whole conditions. I wish to answer in my own way, as I am informed I have a right to do. I felt that they had made an attack upon us, and that we must defend ourselves," he added.

"Did you mean simply that you should defend yourselves, or that you should make an attack

"I had no intention beyond what I have stated." Mr. Patterson sought to bring out the fact that the attack was made before the Filipinos were ready, and General Hughes admitted that the Filipino military leaders were absent in a conference a He said that hostilities were so active the next day that there was no opportunity to attempt

Senator Patterson asked about the effect of President McKinley's proclamation of January 9, 1899, for the extension of the military occupation of the United States to the entire archipelago, inquiring if there was anything to do but attack the Filipino

General Hughes replied that the policy was to use only peaceful means, so long as they were effectual, but when these were exhaustd to resort to war. General Hughes said the Filipinos made their best fight on February 5, 1899. He denied that they were slaughtered in subsequent battles, but many

were slaughtered in subsequent battles, but many were killed when cornered and continued to fight when they should have surrendered.

Questions were asked by Senator Dubois on points covered by the Philippine government bill, now pending in the committee. In reply General Hushes said he thought that white labor would be a failure in the Philippines and that other labor would he necessary there. The natives are, he said, physically weak and lazy, and he thought the only resort would be to continue to import Chinese and Japanese labor, for the present at least.

General Hughes also expressed the opinion that it would be well to encourage negro emigration to the Philippines from the United States. He added that the colored troops taken to Samar mixed readily with the natives, and many of the latter shed tears when the colored soldiers were removed. Next to the American negro, he thought the Japan-

he Philippines from the United States. He added hat the colored troops taken to Samar mixed seadily with the natives, and many of the latter chief tears when the colored soldiers were removed. Next to the American negro, he thought the Japannese most destrable. Chinese labor was the most twallable, but there was a prejudice against them in the part of the Flippinos. Speaking of the American Chamber of Commerce of Manila, he said it was composed largely of Englishment of the People."

Each of those "Little Ads. of the People" is a sermon in itself.

B. Altman & Co.

ORIENTAL AND DOMESTIC RUGS.

A large collection of the above is now shown in select

designs and colors.

In addition, for MONDAY and TUESDAY, March 10th

and 11th, the following will be offered:

in desirable colors; sizes 6.8 x 10 feet to 10 x 13.5 feet, at

Turkish Rugs, . . \$35.00, 54.00, 72.00

India Rugs, . . . \$75.00 and 95.00

200 Oriental Rugs, . . \$11.00 to 16.00

Original prices \$50.00, \$70.00 and \$90.00.

Original prices \$125.00 and \$150.00,

ART OBJECT and BRIC-A-BRAC DEP'T.

FIFTY TURKISH and INDIA RUGS

UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES.

ROBBER BANDS BROKEN UP.

CHAFFEE AND WRIGHT SAY THERE IS NO INSURRECTION IN MORONG PROVINCE.

Washington, March 8.-Desiring to ascertain the facts as to conditions in the province of Morong, Luzon, Secretary Root recently sent inquiries to Acting Governor Wright and General Chaffee, which have brought forth the following

Manila, March 8.

Manlla, March 8.

With reference to your telegram of 6th, Secretary of War, facts from Morong are: About week ago Presidente Cainta was kidnapped. Perpetrators this act were new organization gathered Morong Province about sixty strong; vigorously searched for; driven to hiding; proba-bly captured in a day or two; have inflicted no material damage; no special significance need or should attach this event.

CHAFFEE.

Secretary of War, Washington:

There is no foundation for statement of insurrection in Morong or that inhabitants are fleeing. Small fragments ladrone bands, dispersed and driven out of the mountains of Laguna by Bell's operations, and from Cavité through recent operations constabulary in mountains there, having about fifteen guns, gathered in mountains of Morong, and, probably aided by a few outlaws of that section, raided village, kidnapping presidente; small detachment constabulary under native sergeant attacked, but made no impression, being short of ammunition. Assistant Chief Atkinson on ground in few hours with adequate force of constabulary, assisted in every way by native Governor of province and inhabitants, made pursuit; have already killed two, injured one, captured six, and are running them down. Presidente has been released without harm. So far from there being any hostility on the part of the mass of the people to American authority, they give us full information of what is passing and aid as much as possible. These ladrones do not interfere whites, and confine operations to levying tribute upon and occasionally kidnapping natives in remote localities. Nothing new in this, as in existence under Spanish government; less so now than then. They are being rapidly broken up and exterminated by constabulary. No political significance in their operations.

CHAFFEE THANKS BRAVE SIGNALMEN.

CHAFFEE THANKS BRAVE SIGNALMEN . Washington, March 8 .- General Chaffee, com-manding the Division of the Philippines, recently telegraphed his personal thanks to Corporal James Murphy and Privates Michael Doran and H. L. Johnson, of the Signal Corps, for their devotion to duty under fire at Candelaria, Tayabas, in Decem-ber last. These men had previously received the commendation of Brigadier General J. F. Bell and Captain Hearn, 21st Infantry.

FEAR THE ALVA IS LOST.

PROVISIONED FOR ONLY THREE WEEKS. SHE HAS BEEN OUT NEARLY A MONTH.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Gloucester, Mass., March 8.—Fishermen here hink that the fishing schooner Alva, with a crew of eighteen men, for whose safety fears have been entertained for several weeks, will never return to

The Alva left this port on January 15 on a fresh haddocking trip to Georges, expecting to return in-side of two weeks, and was fitted with provisions for not more than three weeks at the outside. There is a bare possibility that the crew may have been taken off by some other craft. If the vessel met with disaster. Nearly a month has elapsed since she was due to return.

LOCKOUT SETTLED BY MEDIATION.

It was learned late last night that a lockout of city, which has been in progress for six months, has been ended, and the locked out men-about four hundred in number-will return to work to-morrow. The lockout was on account of a threemorrow. The lockout was on account of a three-cornered fight between this organization and the Sheet Metal Workers' Union of Manhattan and Brooklyn, and was ordered to put a stop to a constant series of strikes. The settlement was reached at a conference of representatives of the employers and of the various unions involved, held late on Friday night at the Building Trades Club. Otto M. Eidlitz, president of the Mason Builders' Association, who was not affected by the dispute, acted as mediator.

PHILIPPINE TARIFF A LAW | Ishmen and other Europeans, "who did not care a | SHAW INVESTIGATES INCOG.

SECRETARY WATCHES EXAMINATION OF BAGGAGE AT PIERS

A simply dressed man, about five feet six inches high, with short gray sidewhiskers and mustache, vesterday morning appeared on the Cunard Line pier while the steamer Lucania was docking, and, presenting a permit from Collector Bidwell made out to the bearer, went inside the baggage inclosure. While the baggage was being examined by the customs inspectors he walked about, watching them at their work with considerable interest. About half an hour later he went away without attracting any marked

It was noised about later that the visitor was Leslie M. Shaw, Secretary of the Treasury, who was doing a little investigating on his own responsibility, to determine as far as possible from personal observation whether or not the complaints of certain women about the examination of baggage by the customs officials were

Secretary Shaw went to the American Line pler in the afternoon, when the St. Paul docked, again entering with passes provided by Collector Bidwell which gave no hint as to the identity of the holder. A woman, who seemed to be interested in the investigation, accompanied him. The customs officials were not supposed to know that he was there, but it was noticeable that the examination of the baggage went on with a little more smoothness and expedition than usual. It was not difficult to recognize him from his published portraits when one had a hint that he was there, but it was easy to understand how the Secretary had been able to slip on the pier without being identified.

It did not take the newspaper men long to discover him on the American Line pier, and there was no effort on his part to escape them. "I am sorry that there isn't a thing on earth I can say to you," remarked the Secretary. "I wish there were. I never run away from newspaper men. I am not afraid of them

"I am only here on a little investigation of my own. I was on the Cunard Line pier when the Lucania came in this morning. The customs officers did not know I was there."

Then Secretary Shaw fell to talking with the reporters as if they could be of assistance to him in his investigations, and asked them many

Secretary Shaw peered down into the midst of the groups of passengers, where inspectors were examining their baggage, talked with one or two customs officials at random, went down to the clerk's desk, where inspectors are assigned to the passengers, and took notice of a group of two or three women who were laugh-ing with an inspector, remarking as he did so. "They don't seem to be objecting to the ex-amination." He finally left the pier. He said he should go to Washington in the evening.

DOWNTOWN BRIGHT AND EARLY. SECRETARY SHAW MEETS THE NIGHT WATCHMAN AT THE ASSAY OFFICE.

Secretary Shaw yesterday paid another visit, and an early one, to Wall Street. He called first at the Assay Office, arriving there so early that he found the night watchman still on duty. After making an inspection of the Assay Office, the Secretary took a stroll through the financial dis-Secretary took a stron through the manufacture trict, and a little after 10 o'clock dropped in at the Sub-Treasury, where he had a few minutes' conference with Assistant Treasurer Jordan From the Sub-Treasury Secretary Shaw, accompanied by two men from the Assay Office, went uptown to aspect the Public Stores. It had been reported that he would return to Wall Street, where it was said a number of financiers would call on him to

It developed later in the day, however, that the Secretary had given up the idea of meeting any considerable number of the local bankers, as so many of them are out of town at present. Instead, he devoted a large part of the day to making personal observations on the operation of the present routine of baggage inspection at the piers of incoming steamships.

BOER ENVOYS SEE MR. HAY.

TELLS A PITIFUL STORY OF SUFFERING IN CONCENTRATION CAMPS-NO PROM-

Washington, March 8-Dr. Heinrich Müller, one of the European dipiomatic representatives of the Orange Free State, called on Secretary Hay at the Department to-day and had half an hour's Boer representatives, Dr. Müller was received on he distinct understanding that he came in a private capacity, and not as a diplomatic representadress himself to the subject of intervention or mediation, nor did he raise the question of mule shipments to South Africa. His sole concern was with the concentration camps. He told the Secre tary a pitiful tale of the sufferings of and frightful mortality among the reconcentrados, the death rate among the children in the camps running as high as 50 per cent, according to his statement.

Secretary Hay gave his caller a sympathetic reception, but made no promise that the United States Government would change the attitude toward this subject it has consistently assumed.

BOER MAGAZINE DISCOVERED.

London, March 8 .- Lord Kitchener, in a dispatch from Pretoria, dated to-day, reports the discovery of a Boer magazine in a cave northastward of Rietz (Orange River Colony), containing 310,000 rounds of rifle ammunition, hundreds of shells and fuses, 200 pounds of powder, a Maxim gun, helios, field telegraphs and quantities of stores. Thirty-five Boers have been captured in the same neighborhood since March 4.

The magazine was discovered by Canadian scouts, commanded by Colonel Ross. CALLED CLERGYMAN TRAITOROUS.

ENGLISH PRIEST WHO PLEADS FOR BOERS ATTACKED AT MEETING ON SHIPBOARD.

Another man who is evidently unaware of Presient Roosevelt's recently expressed attitude toward the efforts being made to have the United States interfere in the Boer cause arrived here on the steamer St. Paul yesterday, for the purpose of creating a sentiment among the American people that shall influence the President to aid the Boer cause. He is the Rev. R. C. Fillingham, of the Church of England, Vicar of Hexton. He said he would lecture and address meetings while here in

would lecture and address meetings while here in behalf of the Boers, suggesting that the war be settled by giving the Boers a little more independence than was proposed by Great Britain. It developed that on the way over a number of passengers held a meeting in the stateroom of Henry F. Gillig to discuss the Boer situation, at which the Pev. Mr. Fillingham was told that his actions were traitorous.

Among those who expressed opinions at this meeting, according to Mr. Gillig, were H. Stuyvesant Dualey, of New-York; Walter Gregory, of Minneapolis; John B. McCormick, of Milwaukee, and W. A. Gavin, of England, who was the chairman.

"BOB" EVANS TO SAIL ON APRIL 9.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] San Francisco, March 8.—Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans has engaged passage for himself, Mrs. Evans, Miss Evans and Miss Taylor on the steam-Evans, Miss Evans and Miss Taylor on the steam-er Gaelic, which will sail from San Francisco on April 2. The Admiral's destination will be Yoko-hama, where he will succeed Rear Admiral Kempff as the junior in command of the United States fleet in Asiatic waters. His flagship will probably be the battleship Kentucky, which has been making her headquarters at Yokohama.

GOVERNMENT EXHIBITS AT ST. LOUIS. Washington, March 8.-The House Committee on Industrial Arts and Expositions to-day authorized

Chairman Tawney to recommend to the Appropriations Committee that the Sundry Civil bill contain provisions of \$800,000 for the government exhibit the St. Louis Exposition, \$40,000 for an Indian hibit and \$200,000 additional for the government

SIAM APPOINTS A FAIR COMMISSION.

St. Louis, March 8.-A communication received at world's fair headquarters to-day from Hamilton King, United States Minister to Slam, says that the Siamese Government has appointed a commission which will have general supervision over Slam's exhibit at the Louisiana Purchase ExposiCUNARD AGENTS OPTIMISTIC.

NO DEFINITE NEWS, HOWEVER, FROM THE BELATED ETRURIA.

London, March 8 .- The head of the Cunard Steamship Line at Liverpool telegraphs this afternoon as follows:

We know that the Etruria is proceeding slowly, and there may be some little time yet before we hear from her. There is no ground

NEW CARRIAGE CALLING SCHEME.

AN ELECTRIC SIGN INSTEAD OF A MEGA-PHONE GIVES "CABBIES" THEIR

The bellowing of megaphones was not heard at Broadway and Forty-fourth-st. last night when the Criterion Theatre let out and carriages were needed to take its patrons home Instead of calling the drivers by voice, with all the shouting and confusion that that process entails, the man in charge at the exit simply displayed on a large electric sign over the side walk, facing down Forty-fourth-st. toward Fifth-ave., the number of the carriage wanted. The drivers kept their eye on the sign, and when they saw their number they came up. As there had been no rehearsals, this first performance had to have some prompting, but it worked well, and with much less din than used to be the case

The system is simple. To each carriage as it comes up before the play is given a check, which tears in two, like a ticket. The driver keeps one-half, containing his number, and the other half is retained by the occupants of the carriage half is retained by the occupants of the carriage. This half looks like a piece of the roll of a piano player, for it is full of holes with no apparent significance. It is made of stiff cardboard. When the playgoers come out and want their carriage the attendant takes the bit of perforated cardboard, thrusts it into a little box below the sign, on a post of the sidewalk canopy, and pulls a lever. The connections of all the figures on the sign drop down on the card, but only those for which holes have been provided in the card can fall through and make a circuit. Thus the number of the card is lighted on the sign above. The driver sees then his number on the sign, and up he comes, without fuss or noise. The transition from the appeal to ears to the appeal to eyes seemed to meet with the apappeal to eyes seemed to meet with the proval both of "cabbies" and public, and system, it was said, should be here to stay.

FRANK CONGER DEAD.

END CAME SUDDENLY WHILE HE WAS ON A WESTERN TRIP.

Detroit, March 8.-Frank Conger, of Brooklyn, ied suddenly from apoplexy to-day at the Wayne Hotel. His death occurred about 6 o'clock, while he was lying in bed talking to his brother. Mr. Conger was taken iil last Monday with the grip, which later developed into pneumonia. He was on his way from Saginaw, Mich., to Little Rock,

Frank Conger was born on May 21, 1849, in Groton, Tompkins County, N. Y., in a log cabin. He was the son of Corydon and Mary Brown Conger. His father died on November 26 last at the age of seventy-five years. Father and son were widely and favorably known in social, mercantile and man ufacturing circles. Mr. Conger's mother, who lives at the old homestead at Groton, N. Y., and his wife, who was Miss Jennie E. Conant, of Groton together with an only daughter, Oressa Stewart longer, survive him. Two brothers are also living Benn and Jay Conger, both at Groton.

Mr. Conger was a high degree Mason and Odd Fellow, president of two banks at Groton, until recently president of the Universal Safety Tread Company of New-Jersey, president of the American Visible Typewriter Company of Delaware, president of the Groton Carriage Works, and director of the Conger Manufacturing Company and the Conger Produce Company, of Groton.

He was a member of the Engineers' Club and the Lawyers' Club of New-York City, the Union League Club of Brooklyn, the Duquesne Club of Pittsburg and the Pencoyd Club of Philadelphia, While not interested in politics to the extent of seeking office, he was an ardent Republican.

Mr. Conger recently purchased a beautiful home in Brooklyn, at No. 863 St. Mark's-ave.

He was the originator of the American Bridge Company, a concern which did a business of \$2.000,000 annually previous to its absorption by the United States Steel Corporation. He was one of the vice-presidents and the general manager of the highway contracting department before the merger.

The body has arrived at Groton, and the funeral services will be held on Monday or Tuesday. Visible Typewriter Company of Delaware, presi-

OBITUARY.

COLONEL HENRY G. GREENE.

Fitchburg, Mass., March 8.-Colonel Henry G. trict died to-day, aged fifty-six years. Colonel Greene served with distinction in the Civil War. From 1884 to 1899 he was colonel of the 8th Regi-ment, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia. He leaves a widow and two daughters.

URIEL H. CROCKER.

Boston, March 8.-Uriel H. Crocker, lawyer and author of several standard books on legal subjects, died from heart failure at his home herearly to-day. Mr Crocker was sixty-nine years old. He had been in poor health for some time. "Notes on Common Forms," and "Notes on the Public Statutes of Massachusetts," were his best known works. He was prominent in charitable and philanthropic work, connected officially with many financial and public institutions, and was a member of various patriotic and social organizations. A widow and three sons, one of whom is treas-urer of the city of Boston, survive him.

CHARLES R. BRAINE, JR.

Montclair, N. J., March & (Special) -- Charles R Braine, jr., thirty-five years old, secretary of the Security Trust Company died last night at his home in Fairfield-st, from meningitis after an illness of two weeks. He was a son of Colonel Braine, of the National Guard of New-York. A widow and three children survive him.

JAMES T. B. COLLINS.

Bayonne, N. J., March 8 - James T. B. Collins, Cox & Wallis, of New-York, is dead at his hom here. He was born in Waretown, N. J., in 1841 and was educated at the Hasbrouck Classica and was educated at the Hasorode's Classical School, Jersey City. He was a member of the National Rifle Association, and in the first inter-national rifle match qualified for membership on the American team, but gave way to Mr. Yale, who had also qualified. In 1863 he married Miss Emma L. Lyon, daughter of John H. Lyon, A widow and two sons survive him.

STACY REEVES.

Philadelphia, March 8.-Stacy Reeves, a prom nent builder of this city, died to-day from the effects of a paralytic stroke. He was seventyfour years old. Mr. Reeves was born in Moun-Holly, N. J., and came to this city at an early age. He was the third president of the Master Builders' Exchange, and attended all conventions of the National Association of Builders as a dele-gate. In 1891 he was elected a director of the National Association.

PATERSON RECORDS UNHARMED.

THEY ARE FOUND INTACT WHEN SAFE IN CITY HALL IS OPENED.

Paterson, N. J., March S .- This morning the large safe in the office of City Counsel Dunn, in the City Hall, was opened, and notwithstanding that it was in a room where it got the full blast of the heat from the Romaine building, its contents were found to be in an unusually well preserved condition, with the exception of the leather bindings of some of the books, which were melted off. Some very valuable city papers and records were in the safe, among them being the city's tax certificates of property bought in at the Martin act sales. The City Counsel was fearful that the contents of the safe, like those of many others, were destroyed.

A LIQUOR TAX DECISION.

Albany, March 8 (Special).—The State Commissioner of Excise, Mr. Cullinan, reports that Justice Cochrane, of the Supreme Court, has directed a verdict in his favor for \$1.600 against Reynolds Bros., of New-York, and the surety on their liquor tax bond. Reynolds Bros., it was stated, illegally trafficked in liquors on Sunday at No. 35' Second-ave, the premises for which their certificate was issued. Their liquor tax certificate was previously revoked for the same violations.

TROUBLE ON MONDAY MORNING

B. Alfman & Co.

TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS

FOR SPRING WEAR.

A variety of effective designs are shown, suitable for various occasions, representing the newest ideas in vogue at present in Paris.

Department on Third Floor.

THE FASSO CORSET.

The latest improved forms of THE FASSO CORSET received from Paris, are now being shown for Spring wear.

The prices range from \$5.90, \$7.25, \$10.75 and \$12.50

PARIS LINGERIE.

Spring Importations are now on sale, among which are many exclusive models, including Circular Back Gowns, Semi-fitted Chemises and Corset Covers of Sheer Nainsook, Linon, Crystalline, etc. Also Train Petticoats, Matinees, Peignoirs and Liseuses.

TROUSSEAUX.

SILK DEPARTMENT.

On MONDAY, March 10th, an Exceptional Offering will be made of

12,000 Yards Printed Satin Foulards,

This season's designs and colors, Regular values \$1.00 to \$1.25 yard,

(Counters Rear of Rotunda.)

At 58c.

Eighteenth Street, Bineteenth Street, Sixth Hvenue, few York.



La Grecque Corset.

THE ADVANCE STYLES cling very closely to the figure.

Our Long Hip Model shows no ridge or line, even through an

It comfortably encompasses the entire hip. There can be no rolling up of flesh, no shifting motion of a full figure.

The waist line falls very low in front, the bust is supported The slender figure is hygienically supported and aided into fuller development.

Price \$2.00 to \$50.00. VAN ORDEN.

164 FIFTH AV.,

The firm of UHRLAUB & MAY has been dissolved by the order of the Supreme Court of the State of New York. The stock has been sold by the receiver. Mr. Samuel Knopf, and I will sell the same here at public auction, absolutely without reserve,

The entire stock in this store, amounting to about \$100,000 worth of extremely fine ORI-ENTAL RUGS, Ivory Carvings, Bronzes, Carved Furniture, French Boule Clocks, Vernis Martin Cabinets, French Bronzes, Antique Japanese and Chinese Ceramics, Teakwood Stands, Tables and Chairs. Royal Vienna Potteries, Plates, Cups and Saucers, French Majolicas, Marble Figures, Limoges Enamels, Miniature Paintings on Ivory, a large number of Silver Cloisonnes, Embroideries, a great number of Persian and Turkish Silk Rugs, amongst others an Antique Silk Carpet, 21x13 feet, valued at \$15,000, etc., etc.,

AT PUBLIC AUCTION, ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT RESERVE.

The sale will take place on the premises of the dissolved firm, 2, the corner of 26th Street and 5th Avenue (opposite Martin's), beginning WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12th, at 2 P. M. EX-HIBITION MONDAY, MARCH 10th, from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.; Tuesday, March 11th, from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.

Sale will continue until entire stock is disposed of at 2 P. M. each day.

JAMES P. SILO, Auctioneer.



FOR DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, BLADDER AND PROSTATE GLAND.

IT WILL clear up all urinary deposits. Relieve pain in the Blad-der, Kidneys, Small of the Back. Cure Diabetes. Remove every trace of Albumen. Stop Frequent Urination. Prevent Bed Wetting. Cure Dropsy. Both prevent and cure Bright's Disease. Stop Losses and relieve obstructions. Cure Cystitis and Enlarged Prostate Gland.

A DEADLY ENEMY TO CA-TARRH, MALARIA, RHEUMA-TISM, AND BILIOUSNESS. -

HEADACHE—By ridding the blood of poisons and impurities that stay there when the Edineys are not acting freely and properly. BILIOUSNESS.—By carrying bile poisons of the blood, itsues and joints with almost lightning rapidity of uric acting the blood, itsues and joints with almost lightning rapidity of uric acting the Liver. RHEUMATISM—By ridding the blood, itsues and joints with almost lightning rapidity of uric acting the second state of the AMERICAN BUGHU GO., 1368 Broadway, N. Y. (ILLUSTRATED BOOK FREE.)

CHANGE OF COLOMBIAN MINISTERS.

NO EXCEPTION TAKEN IN WASHINGTON TO SENOR CONCHA'S STATEMENT.

Washington, March &-Senor Don Carlos Martinez-Silva called at the White House to-day and afterward at the State Department to give notice of his recall as Minister from Colombia and to say farewell to the President and Secretary Hay. He will immediately start for New-York, where he will meet Dr. Concha, the newly appointed Colombian Minister, and confer with him regarding canal matters and other subjects with which the new min-ister should be acquainted. Then Dr. Silva will re-turn to Colombia, not remaining in this country to present his successor personally. There is no dis-

position at the State Department to take exception to any of the points in the statement issued yea-terday in New-York by Dr. Concha respecting the willingness of Colombia to agree to the transfer of the Panama Canal property to the United States Government. PROCEEDINGS AGAINST RATE CUTTERS.

Washington, March &-Chairman Knapp of the

Interstate Commerce Commission said to-day that the proceedings to be instituted against railroad officials as a sequel to their recent admissions of wholesale rate cutting would be civil actions in wholesale rate cutting would be civil actions in equity to enjoin the carriers from further violations of the law. The proceedings involve the principal railroads running between Kansas City and Chicago. Actions against one or two of these, he said would suffice for testing the question. The offence admitted was that of cutting under the scheduled tariff on grains, dressed meats and packing house products.

Porcelain Vases with Sevres and Vienna decorations, Curio Piece: of Dutch Silver and Hand Carved Ivory.

Bronze Busts and Statuettes, Carrara Marble

Busts, Clocks, Clock Sets, Lamps and Electro-

liers, Porcelain Plaques (framed and unframed),

Clock Sets, consisting of Clock and Candelabra, Original Prices \$26.50 and \$32.00. \$18.50 & \$22.50

Cut Glass Decanters, Bowls, Water Bottles, Celery Trays, and Bon-Bon Dishes AT SPECIAL PRICES.

Eighteenth Street, Mineteenth Street, Sixth Avenue, New York.